PreparingforEmergencies





Federal Emergency Management Agency

A Checklist for People with Mobility Problems

or the millions of Americans with mobility problems, emergencies such as fires and floods present a special

challenge. Protecting yourself and your family when disaster strikes requires planning ahead.

This checklist will help you get started. Discuss these

ideas with your family, friends, or a personal care attendant, and prepare an emergency plan. Post the plan where everyone will see it.

Emergency Checklist

Ask Questions	Post emergency telephone numbers	Prepare a Disaster
Call your local emergency management office or Red Cross chapter.	near telephones and teach your children how and when to call for help.	Supplies Kit
Ask what kind of disasters could occur in your area and how to prepare for each.	Learn what to do in case of power outages and personal injuries. Know how to connect or start a back-up power supply for essential medical equipment.	Assemble supplies you might need in an evacuation. Store them in an easy-to-carry container such as a backpack or duffle bag.
 ☑ Ask how you would be warned of an emergency. ☑ Ask about special assistance that may be available to you in an emergency. Many communities ask people with a disability to register, usually with the local fire department or emergency management office, so needed help can be provided quickly in an emergency. ☑ Ask your supervisor about emergency plans at your workplace. ☑ Ask your childrens' teachers and caregivers about emergency plans for schools and day-care centers. ☑ If you currently use a personal care attendant obtained from an agency, check to see if the agency has special provisions for emergencies (e.g., providing services at another location should an evacuation be ordered). 	 ☐ If you or someone in your household uses a wheelchair, make more than one exit from your home wheelchair-accessible in case the primary exit is blocked in a disaster. ☐ Teach those who may need to assist you in an emergency how to operate necessary equipment. ☐ Arrange for a relative or neighbor to check on you in an emergency. ☐ Learn how to turn off the water, gas, and electricity at main valves or switches. ☐ Plan and practice how to escape from your home in an emergency. ☐ Consider getting a medical alert system that will allow you to call for help if you are immobilized in an emergency. ☐ If you live in an apartment, ask the management to identify and mark accessible exits. 	 Include: □ A battery-powered radio, flashlight, and plenty of extra batteries for them. □ A first aid kit, prescription medicines, and an extra pair of glasses. □ A supply of water (one gallon per person per day). Store water in sealed, unbreakable containers. Identify the storage date and replace every six months. □ A supply of non-perishable food and a non-electric can opener, plus any special foods you require. □ If you have a baby, include extra diapers and other infant care items. □ Extra wheelchair batteries, oxygen, medication, catheters, food for guide or service dogs, or other special equipment you might need.
Create a Plan Meet with household members or	Learn your community's evacuation routes.	☐ A change of clothing, rain gear, and sturdy shoes.
your personal care attendant. Discuss the dangers of fire, severe weather, earthquakes and other emergencies that might occur in your community.	 Listen to a battery-operated radio for emergency information. Pick one out-of-state and one local friend or relative for family members to 	☐ Blankets or sleeping bags. ☐ A list of family physicians and the relative or friend who should be notified if you are injured.
Determine what you will need to do for each type of emergency. For example, most people head for a	call if separated by disaster. Pick two meeting places: 1) A place near your home in case of fire.	☐ A list of the style and serial numbers of medical devices such as pacemakers.☐ An extra set of car keys.
basement when there is a tornado warning, but most basements are not wheelchair-accessible. Determine in advance what your alternative shelter will be and how you will get there	 2) A place outside your neighborhood in case you cannot return home after a disaster. Keep family records in a watertight, fire-proof container 	Also ☐ Store back-up equipment, such as a manual wheelchair, at your neighbor's home, school, or your workplace.

Emergency Plan Out-of-State Contact Name City Telephone (Day)_____ ____(Evening)____ **Local Contact** Name ___ Telephone (Day) (Evening) **Nearest Relative** Name Telephone (Day) (Evening) **Family Work Numbers** _____ Mother ____ Other ____ **Emergency Telephone Numbers** In a life threatening emergency, dial 911 or the local emergency medical services system number. Police Department____ Fire Department_____ Hospital _____ **Family Physicians** _____ Telephone_____

Escape Plan



n a fire or other emergency, you may need to evacuate on a moment's notice. Be ready to get out fast.

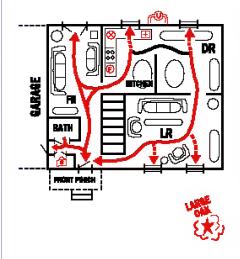
Develop an escape plan by drawing a floor plan of your residence. Show the location of doors, windows, stairways, large furniture, and emergency supplies (Disaster Supplies Kit), fire extinguishers, smoke detectors, collapsible ladders, first aid kits and utility shut-off points.

Indicate at least two escape routs from each room, and mark a place outside of the home where household members and/or your personal care attendant should meet in case of fire. If you or someone in your household uses a wheelchair, make more than one exit from your home wheelchair-accessable in case the primary exit is blocked in a disaster.

Include important points outside such as garages, patios, stairways, elevators, driveways, and porches. If your home has more than two floors, use an additional sheet of paper. Practice emergency evacuation drills at least twice each year.

Example:

Floor one



Reunion Locations

1. Right outside your home

Name______Telephone____

Name ______ Telephone _____

2. Away from the neighborhood, in case you cannot return home _____

Address______
Telephone_____

Route to try first

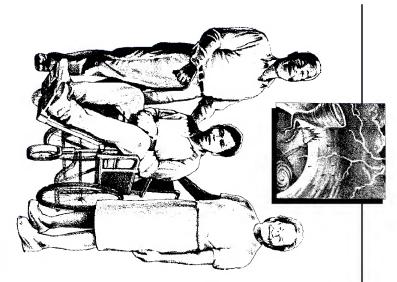
Floor Plan		
Floor One		
Floor Two		
Normal Exit Route Emergency Exit Routes Fire Extinguisher Smoke Detectors	Disaster Supplies Kit Doors Collapsible Ladder Reunion Location (Outside)	Stairways Utility Shut-Off Windows First Aid Kit

☐ Blanket and first aid kit. Home Hazard Hunt If You Need to Evacuate ☐ Shovel. In a disaster, anything that can move, fall, Listen to a battery-powered radio for the ☐ Tire repair kit, booster cables, pump break, or cause a fire is a potential hazard. location of emergency shelters. Know in advance the location of wheelchairand flares. Repair defective electrical wiring. Smell accessable shelters. Follow instructions of ☐ Fire extinguisher (5 lb., A-B-C type). for leaky gas connections. If you smell local officials. gas, turn the gas off and call a professional ☐ Bottled water and non-perishable foods ■ Wear appropriate clothing and sturdy to repair it. such as granola bars, raisins, and cookies. shoes. ☐ Keep the shut-off switch for oxygen ☐ Take your Disaster Supplies Kit. equipment near your bed or chair, so you Fire Safety can get to it quickly if there is a fire. Lock your house. ☐ Fasten shelves securely to the wall. ☐ Plan two escape routes out of each room. ☐ Use travel routes specified or special Place large, heavy objects on lower If you cannot use the stairways, make assistance provided by local officials. shelves or the floor. special arrangements for help in If you are sure you have time... advance. Never use the elevators. ☐ Hang pictures and mirrors away ☐ Shut off water, gas and electricity *if* from beds. Bolt large pictures or ☐ Install smoke detectors. Clean and test instructed to do so. mirrors to the wall. smoke detectors once a month. Change ☐ Secure water heater by strapping it to a Let others know when you left and where batteries at least once a year. you are going. nearby wall. ☐ Consider installing home sprinklers. Repair cracks in ceilings or foundations. ☐ Make arrangements for pets. Animals ☐ If there is a fire, do not try to fight the fire. Brace overhead light fixtures. other than service animals may not be Get out fast. Do not stop for pets or allowed in public shelters. ☐ Store weed killers, pesticides and possessions. Call the fire department Prepare a Car Kit after you are outside. Never go back flammable products away from heat sources. into a burning building. Include: ☐ Have chimneys, flue pipes, vent connec-☐ Feel the bottom of the door with the ☐ Battery-powered radio, flashlight, tors, and gas vents cleaned and repaired palm of your hand. If it is hot, find by a professional. extra batteries, and maps. another way out. The Federal Emergency Management Agency's Community and Family Preparedness Program and the American Red Cross Community Disaster Education Program are nationwide efforts to help people prepare for disasters of all types. For more information, please contact your local emergency management office and American Red Cross chapter. This brochure and other preparedness materials are available by calling FEMA at 1-800-480-2520, or writing: FEMA, P.O. Box 2012, Jessup, MD 20794-2012. Publications are also available on the World Wide Web at: FEMA's Web site: http://www.fema.gov Your Local Contact is: American Red Cross Web site: http://www.redcross.org L-154/J uly 1992









For people with Mobility Problems

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